

Introduction



Changes in federal and state laws have directed schools to focus more on helping all children learn by addressing problems earlier within the general education setting.

These new laws emphasize the importance of providing high quality, scientifically-based instruction and interventions, and hold schools accountable for the adequate yearly progress of all students.

This new process of providing interventions to students who are at risk for academic or behavioral problems is called RtI (Response to Intervention).

What is RtI?

RtI is a process designed to help schools focus on high quality interventions that are matched to student needs and monitored on a frequent basis. The information gained from an RtI process is used by school personnel and parents to adapt instruction and to make decisions regarding the student's educational program.



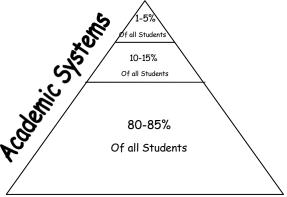
Perhaps the greatest benefit of an RtI approach is that it eliminates a "wait to fail" situation because students get help promptly within the general education setting. As soon as assessment data indicates a problem area for a student or a group of students, interventions are put into place to address these concerns.

While the interventions are taking place, school staff monitors any progress that these students are making in their problem areas.

These progress monitoring techniques used within the RtI process provide information that allows teachers to better evaluate student needs and match instruction, resources and interventions appropriately.

What is the RtI Process

Most RtI systems are divided into a three-tier intervention model as illustrated below:



- Tier 1: -Core Curriculum 80-85% -Whole Group/Core Instruction
 - -For All Students in the Class
- Tier 2: -Small Group Interventions 10-15%
 - -For Some Students (At-Risk)
 - -Done in Addition to Tier 1
- Tier 3: -Intense Interventions 1-5%
 - -Customized Interventions
 - -For a Very Small # of Students
 - -Done in Addition to Tier 1 & Tier 2

How can Parents Be Involved?



- Frequently communicate with your child's teacher(s).
- Attend school functions such as parent-teacher conferences.
- Monitor and assist with your child's homework assignments.
- Read to your child every day and have your child read to you.
- Talk with your child often about what he/she is reading.
- Visit your local library and encourage your child to choose books that he/she is excited to read.

What If My Child is Having Difficulty With Academics or Behavior in School?

- Ask whether or not your school uses an RtI Process, and get information on how the process works at your particular school.
- Discuss with your child any concerns you and/or the teacher have regarding academics or behavior.

For More Information Contact

The Office of Teaching and Learning



Boyertown Area School District

A Parent's Guide to

Response to Intervention



